

6TH INTERNATIONAL STUDENT CONFERENCE ON LOCAL SAFETY AND SECURITY



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arrs

SLOVENIAN RESEARCH AGENCY

THE ROLE OF THE FAMILY IN CRIME PREVENTION

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CONTENT:

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- Family and prevention
- Increase and causes of increase in crime in modern society
- Characteristics of a dysfunctional family
- Sociological-psychological theory of imitation
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- Conclusion

A FAMILY

- A family represents the most important social force in proper upbringing and life guidance of the child. Crime prevention means using all resources and measures, aimed at preventing the occurrence of crime.
- The goal of prevention is to prevent the commission of a criminal act.
- The child in the family builds his moral character, gets acquainted with basic social values and ideals.
- **Contribution to the emergence of youth delinquency:**
 - Bad interpersonal relations of parents
 - Bad pedagogically attitude of parents towards children
 - Negative attitude of young people towards social values

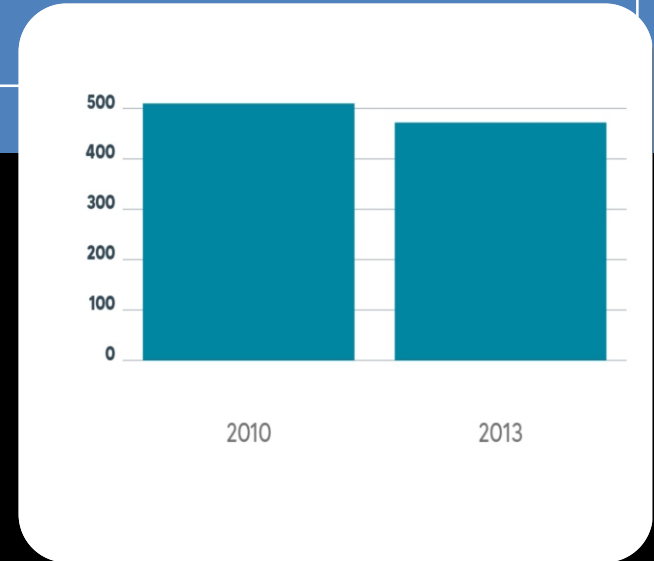


CAUSES OF INCREASE IN CRIME IN MODERN SOCIETY



CAUSES:

- Poverty
- Ownership structure
- Lack of professionalism
- Accelerated technological development



DYSFUNCTIONAL FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS

- **In a dysfunctional family exist:**
 - Confusion and disorganization
 - Exclusion of emotional ties
 - Insecurity, lack of love, turndown
 - Conflicts, aggression, pressure
 - „Escape“ into criminal groups, indulging in vices

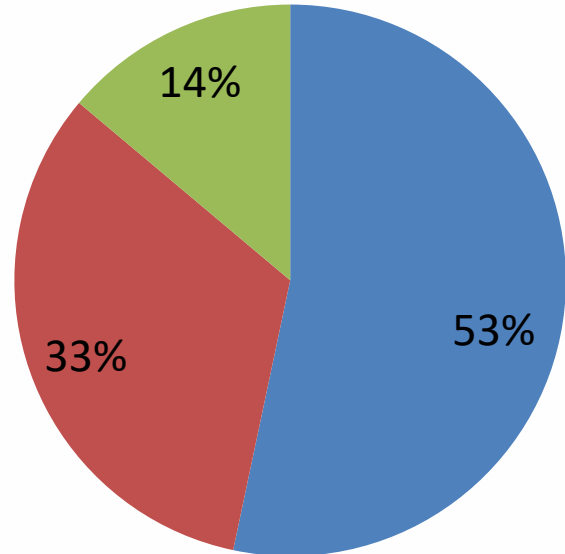


Juvenile delinquency in Montenegro (data from the Center for Social Work 2020)

a criminal offense	number of perpetrators
aggravated theft	31
theft	41
petty theft	12
attempted theft	3
disturbing public order and peace	31
minor bodily injury	11
violent behavior	22
confiscation of a motor vehicle	5
illegal possession of weapons	1
assault on an official enabling	3
the enjoyment of narcotic drugs	2
destruction and damage of other people's property	5
endangering traffic	59
grievous bodily harm	4
participating in a fight	16

Domestic violence (data from the Police Administration of MNE, 2020)

■ Women ■ Men ■ Minors



SOCIOLOGICAL-PSYCHOLOGICAL THEORY OF IMITATION

It explains the emergence of delinquent behavior through the process of imitating the behavior of parents and others of family members by the child, at the earliest age

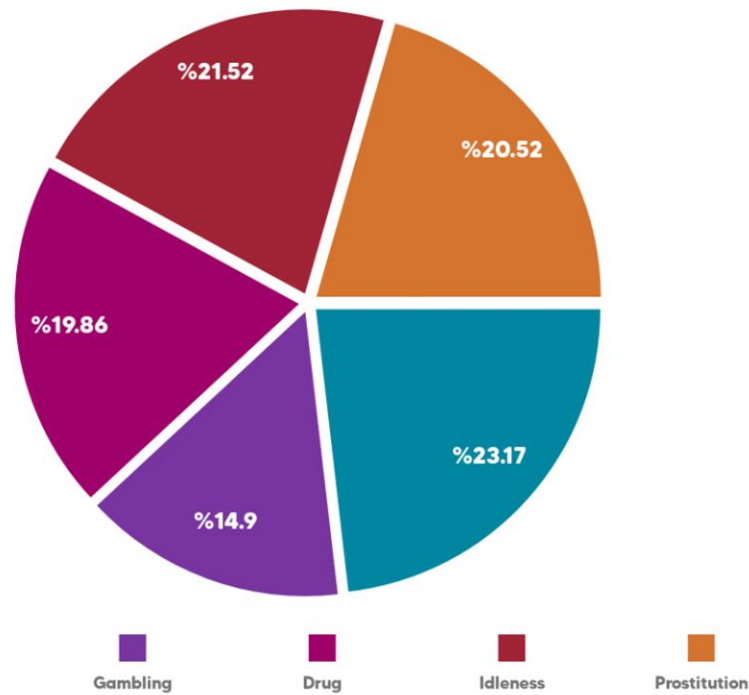


AMERICAN LONGITUDINAL STUDY

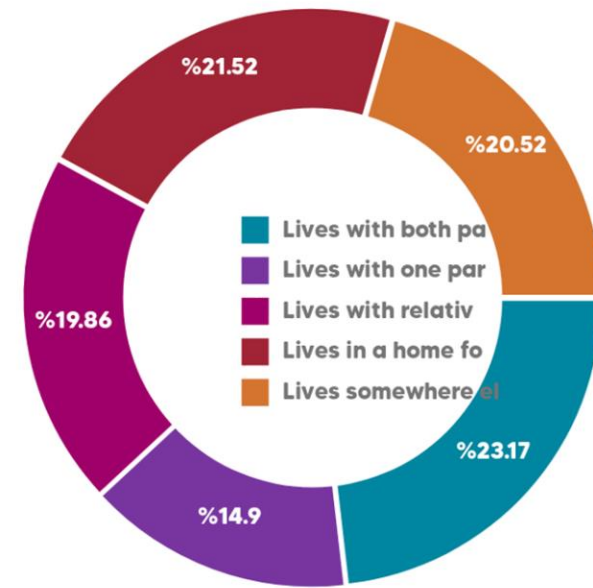
Explains the impact of domestic violence and child abuse on child development the wrong direction, and the appearance of antisocial behavior

RESEARCHING THE RELATIONSHIPS IN THE FAMILY

Social pathology of the family



Condition and relationship in the family



CRIME PREVENTION MEASURES FROM THE FAMILY SIDE

Model GRADIR- a system of concrete measures by which the family can significantly influence the suppression of crime

1. **The existence of an emotional exchange**(the quality of emotional bonds between family members, all other factors affect emotional exchange, closeness and intimate relationships between family members)



2. A lower degree of individualization (family members spend as much time as possible together, finding free time despite being busy with work. Increased individualization and lack of communication between family members can cause a child's tendency towards vices or aggressiveness)

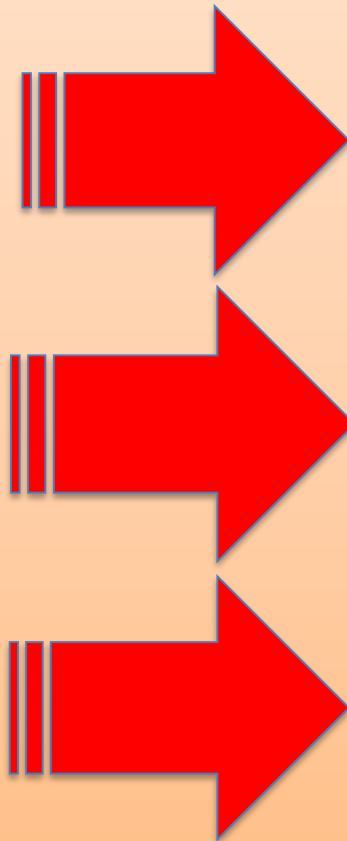


3. Democracy (flexibility of family relationships, absence of authoritarian rigidity, participation of both parents, and sometimes the child, in decision-making regarding issues concerning their family life, free communication, tolerance)



4. Absence of hunger

(family members are able to satisfy their needs, realize their wishes and expectations, can have a key impact on the quality of emotional ties between family members)



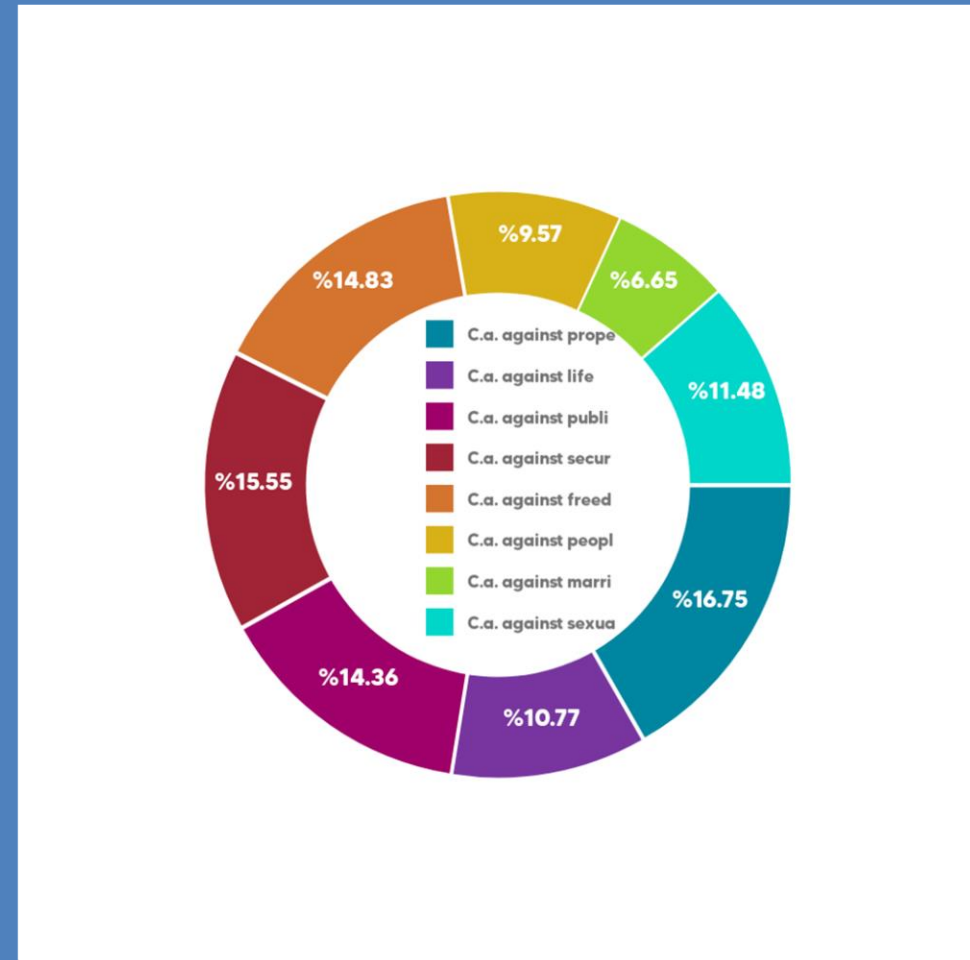
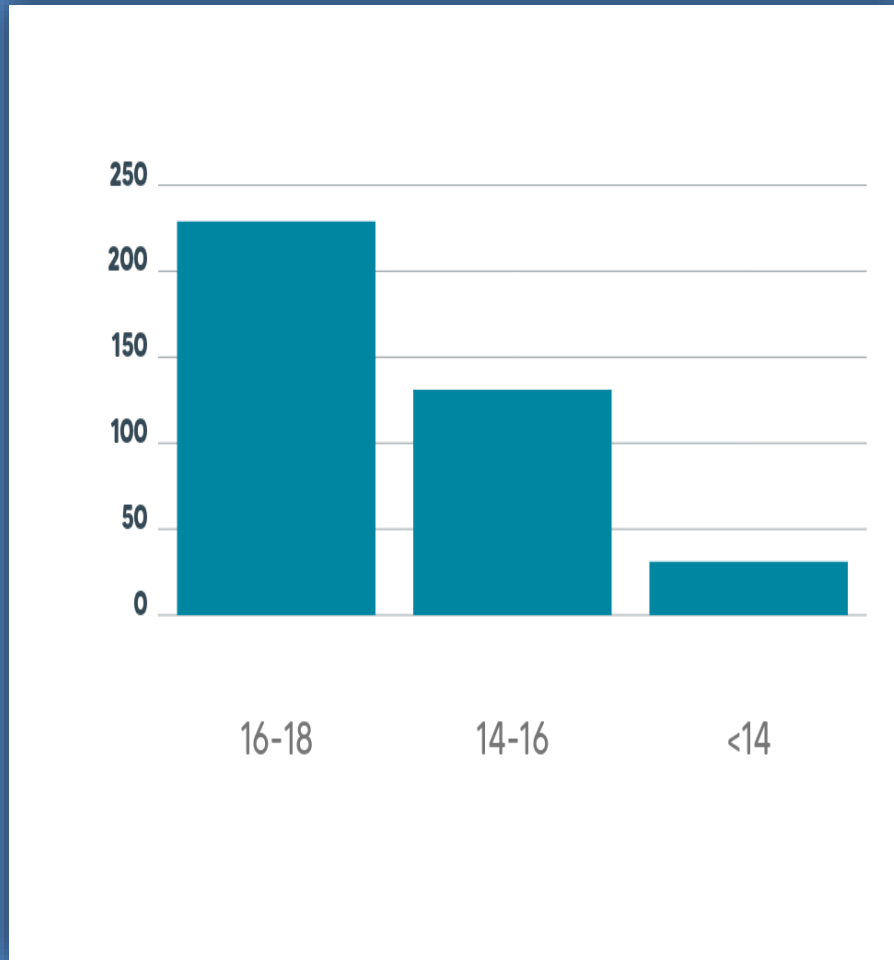
The lack of any of the mentioned factors has a negative effect on family relationships and can have drastic consequences caused by increased frustration - tendency to vices, aggressiveness, tendency to commit criminal acts and involvement in delinquent groups.

Especially strong frustration can be caused by the separation of the child from the mother in early childhood.

Statistical data on the number of cases in which minors appear as perpetrators are warning when it comes to the number of criminal reports and procedures, but also unresolved criminal reports from the previous period.

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Number of criminal charges	462	410	493	460
Number of pending criminal charges from the previous period	170	155	132	76
The total number of procedures in the work	632	565	627	536
The number of initiated preparatory procedures	154	167	228	275
The number of dismissed criminal charges	196	172	108	140

Research on the age structure of perpetrators and criminal offenses by minors



CONCLUSION



The influence of the family on the child, especially in the earliest childhood, represents the primary level of education of the child's personality, thus the prevention of crime.

It is very important to understand this significance, especially in turbulent times, which are characterized by a lack of time and a fast lifestyle.

Every minute of time spent with your family members is an investment in a safe future - of your family and the entire society.

LITERATURE

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- **Rakočević V., (2007) "*Criminology*", Podgorica**
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Thank you for your
attention

